

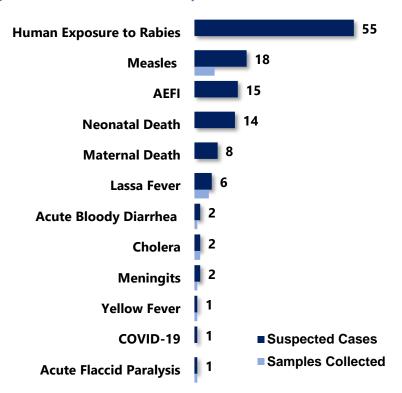
Liberia IDSR Epidemiology Bulletin

2024 Epi-week 29 (July 15 - 21)

Country Population: 5,406,374 Volume 20 Issue 29 July 15 – 21, 2024 Data Source: CSOs from 15 Counties and Laboratory Highlights

Figure 1: Public Health Events Reported

Keynotes and Events of Public Health Significance



- A total of 125 events of public health importance, including 23 deaths reported
- ◆ Completeness and Timeliness of health facility reports were 97%. and 96% respectively
- Ongoing Lassa fever outbreak in 2 Counties
- Ongoing Measles outbreak inCounties

Reporting Coverage

Table 1: Health Facility Weekly IDSR Reporting Coverage, Liberia, Epi-week 29, 2024

County	Expected Reports from HF*	Reports Received	Received on Time	Completeness (%)	Timeliness (%)	934 (97%)
Bomi	29	29	29	100	100	Health
Bong	64	64	64	100	100	facilities
Gbarpolu	18	18	18	100	100	reported IDSR
Grand Bassa	38	38	38	100	100	IDSK
Grand Cape						
Mount	36	36	36	100	100	
Grand Gedeh	24	24	24	100	100	98(100%)
Grand Kru	25	25	25	100	100	Health
Lofa	61	61	61	100	100	districts
Margibi	64	64	64	100	100	reported IDSR data
Maryland	28	28	28	100	100	
Montserrado	391	368	364	94	93	
Nimba	102	96	96	94	94	
Rivercess	21	21	21	100	100	930(96%)
River Gee	21	21	21	100	100	Health
Sinoe	41	41	41	100	100	facilities reported
Liberia	963	934	930	97	96	timely

• The national target for weekly IDSR reporting is 80%., Bong and Maryland counties reported late. Health facility timeliness is monitored at the health district level

Vaccine-Preventable Diseases

Measles

- Eighteen (18) suspected cases were reported from Nimba (10), River Gee (2), Gbarpolu (2), Lofa (2), Grand Cape Mount (1), and Sinoe (1) Counties
 - o Ten(10) specimens were collected: 2 positive, 5 negative, and 3 pending testing
 - o Fifty percent (9/18) of the suspected cases were vaccinated for measles (see Table 3)
- Cumulatively, 1250 suspected cases have been reported since Epi-week 1 (see Table 2)
 - o Of the total reported 924 confirmed cases,
 - 1. 53% were reported to have previously been vaccinated,
 - 2. 37% were unvaccinated
 - 3. 10% had unknown vaccination status
 - o Fifty-one percent (475/924) of the confirmed cases are below 5 years
 - o Proportion of suspected cases with sample collected 46% (578/1250)
 - Proportion of suspected cases with sample tested 83% (480/578) [negative 326, positive 152, indeterminate-2]
 - o Proportion of negative Measles cases tested for Rubella 94% (289/306) [negative 282, positive 26]
- Liberia's annualized non-measles febrile rash illness rate now stands at 11.0 per 100,000. Montserrado County is below the target (see Table 2)

Table 2. Classification of measles, reporting rate, and annualized non-measles rash illness rate per 100,000 population by County, Liberia, Week 1-29 2024

			Epi-classifica	ation			Annualized Non
Reporting County	Lab confirmed	Epi-linked	Clinically compatible	Indeterminate (Equivocal)	Discarded (Negative)	Cumulative	Measles Febrile
Bomi	1	0	4	0	5	10	6.7
Bong	1	0	21	0	9	31	3.5
Gbarpolu	6	0	11	1	24	42	46.0
Grand Bassa	2	0	8	0	14	24	8.7
Grand Cape Mount	3	0	6	0	25	34	25.3
Grand Gedeh	33	28	61	0	33	155	27.2
Grand Kru	26	35	43	0	44	148	71.4
Lofa	0	0	18	0	15	33	7.4
Margibi	0	0	2	0	4	6	2.4
Maryland	21	6	163	0	8	198	8.5
Montserrado	3	0	22	0	17	42	1.6
Nimba	26	66	187	0	25	304	7.3
River Gee	20	13	45	1	36	115	52.7
Rivercess	0	0	3	0	6	9	11.7
Sinoe	8	1	17	0	54	80	64.9
Liberia	150	149	611	2	319	1231	11.0
Target Achieved	>=2		Below Target	<2			

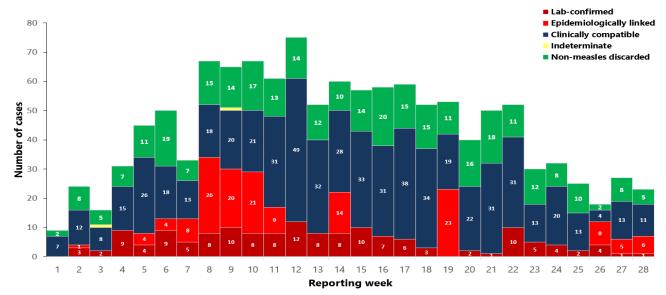
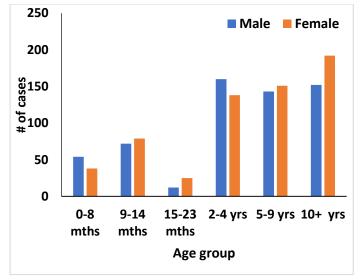


Figure 2: Distribution of Measles Cases by Reporting Week and Epi-classification, Liberia, Week 1-29, 2024

Table 3: Distribution and Vaccination Status of Measles Cases, Liberia, Epi-week 29, 2024

		_		Number of Doses	Received
County	# of cases	Vaccinated	One-Dose	Two Doses	Doses Not Indicated
Grand Cape Mount	1	0	0	0	0
Grand Gedeh	1	0	0	0	0
Grand Kru	3	0	0	0	0
Lofa	1	0	0	0	0
Maryland	2	0	0	0	0
Montserrado	1	1	1	0	0
Nimba	7	4	4	0	0
River Gee	5	3	0	0	3
Sinoe	2	2	2	0	0
Total	23	10	7	0	3



250 Vaccinated Not vaccinated

200

50

150

50

0

0-8

9-14

15-23

2-4 yrs 5-9 Yrs

Age group

Figure 3: Suspected Measles Cases by Age group and Sex, Liberia Epi week 1-29, 2024

Figure 4: Suspected Measles Cases by Age Group and Vaccination Status, Liberia, Epi-Week 1-29, 2024

Table 4: Status of Confirmed Measles Cases by County, Liberia, December 13, 2021-July 21, 2024

County	Total Cases	Active	Recovery	Deaths	# of Districts
Montserrado	5,373	0	5,304	69	0/7
Nimba	1318	8	1306	4	4/6
Grand Bassa	924	0	917	7	0/8
Margibi	803	0	802	1	0/4
Bong	578	0	575	3	0/9
Maryland	1,316	0	1316	0	3/6
Lofa	292	0	292	0	0/6
Grand Kru	1,100	0	1,108	2	3/5
Grand Cape Mount	187	0	184	3	0/5
Bomi	147	0	142	5	0/4
Rivercess	84	0	83	1	0/6
Gbarpolu	64	0	64	0	1/5
Grand Gedeh	602	0	602	0	0/6
River Gee	134	0	134	0	1/6
Sinoe	247	0	247	0	0/10
Total	13,169	8	13,066	95	12/98

Table 5: Status of Confirmed (lab, clinically confirmed, and epi-linked) Measles Cases by County, Liberia December 13, 2021- July 21, 2024

COUNTY	CUMULA TIVE SUSPECT ED CASES	CUMULATI	CLASSIFI CONFIRM	ICATIO	ON OF ASES			TION OF DEATHS	CUMUL ATIVE DEATHS	CF R (%)	# CONFI R MED CASES WEEK	# CONF IRM ED CASE S WEE K 29	Ontbr. ea k Status
	CASES		Lab confirm ed	Epi Link e d	Clinically Compati ble	Lab confirm ed	Epi Linke d	Clinically Compati ble			28		
Montserrado	5, 456	5,373	148	1658	3, 567	3	61	5	69	1.3	0	0	Ended
Nimba	1, 343	1,318	59	335	924	0	1	3	4	0.4	5	8	Ongoing
Margibi	827	803	37	136	630	0	0	1	1	0.1	0	0	Ended
Grand Bassa	962	924	41	212	671	1	0	6	7	0.9	0	0	Ended
Lofa	361	292	35	66	191	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ended
Bong	603	578	25	21	532	0	1	2	3	0.5	0	0	Ended
Maryland	1325	1316	33	393	890	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	Ongoing
Grand Gedeh	754	604	83	121	400	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ended
Since	302	247	48	88	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ended
Bowi	183	147	37	27	83	1	2	2	5	3	0	0	Ended
Grd Cape Mt	215	187	23	18	146	0	2	1	3	1.6	0	0	Ended
Grand Kru	1131	1,100	56	204	840	0	0	2	2	0.2	3	0	Ongoin g
Gharpolu	82	62	7	5	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ongoing
Rivercesa	112	84	26	54	4	0	1	0	1	1.1	0	0	Ended
River Gee	167	134	33	51	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ongoing
Total	13,823	13,169	691	3,389	9,089	5	68	22	95	7.8	10	8	

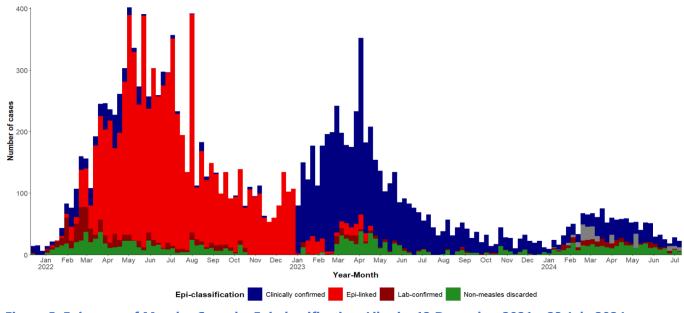


Figure 5: Epi-curve of Measles Cases by Epi-classification, Liberia, 13 December 2021 – 23 July 2024

PUBLIC HEALTH RESPONSE

I. Coordination

- The response has been led by the County Health Teams with technical support from the National Public Health Institute of Liberia (NPHIL), the Ministry of Health (MOH) and partners (Grand Gedeh-UNICEF, Maryland-PIH, Grand Kru-IRC and WHO).
- IMS meetings are being held for coordination and mobilization of resources in affected Counties.

II. Epidemiological Surveillance

- Active case search in affected and surrounding communities ongoing in Grand Kru County
- Four districts (Buah, Trehn, and Dorbor in Grand Kru and Putu in Grand Gedeh counties outbreaks ended and the end of outbreak reports were shared.

III. Case management

• Case management ongoing in affected counties

IV. **Immunization**

Routine immunization ongoing across the country

V. Laboratory

- The National Public Health Reference Laboratory continues testing of Measles samples
- A total of Six hundred ninety-one (691) cases have been confirmed by the NPHRL from December 13, 2021
 July 24 2024.

VI. Risk Communication and Community Engagement

• Continual of community advocacy meetings with local leaders and family members in the affected communities (Grand Kru).

Challenges

• Limited supply of essential medications and medical supplies for case management in Grand Kru county

Photos taken during the measles response in Grand Gedeh County





HFSFP carrying on Awareness on Measles Outbreak in Putu Jarwodee Town Hall, Putu District, with County Level Response team and Partners.



Surveillance Officers creating Measles outbreak awareness and health education in communities and on school campuses

Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP)

- One (1) case was reported from Montserrado County
 - o Specimen was collected and shipped to Ivory Coast for testing
- Cumulatively, seventy-one (71) cases have been reported
 - o Forty-seven (47) tested negative, 9 (NPENT), 15 pending testing

Table 6: Non-Polio AFP Rate 3/100,000 <15 years by County, Liberia, Epi-week 1 – 29, 2024

County	< 15 years pop	# of AFP Cases Reported	# of Cases with Lab Result	Non-Polio AFP Rate	# of cases <14 days specimen collected	% of stool <14days	# of NPENTs	% of NPENT
Bomi	62196	2	2	6.0	2	100%	0	0%
Bong	215425	1	1	0.9	1	100%	0	0%
Gbarpolu	43630	2	2	8.5	2	100%	0	0%
Grand Bassa	134743	3	3	4.1	3	100%	0	0%
Grand Cape Mount	82471	6	5	13.5	6	100%	1	17%
Grand Gedeh	101412	5	4	9.2	4	80%	1	20%
Grand Kru	51467	2	2	7.2	2	100%	1	50%
Lofa	168626	8	5	8.8	8	100%	0	0%
Margibi	140931	2	1	2.6	2	100%	0	0%
Maryland	78808	2	1	4.7	1	50%	0	0%
Montserrado	898124	12	10	2.5	12	100%	2	17%
Nimba	285705	18	15	11.7	17	94%	4	22%
Rivercess	42729	1	0	4.3	1	100%	0	0%
River Gee	57047	1	1	3.3	1	100%	0	0%
Sinoe	69556	5	4	13.4	5	100%	0	0%
Liberia	2432868	70	56	5.3	67	96%	9	13%
Non-Polio AFP	<2	Stoolo	daguasu	<80%	Non-Polio	<10%	Silent	
Rate	≥ 2	31001 a	dequacy	≥80%	Enterovirus	≥10%	Silent	

Neonatal Tetanus

- Zero cases were reported
- Cumulatively, twenty- two (22) cases have been reported including six (6) deaths

Of the total 22 cases reported

- 32% (7/22) Adequate case response rate
- 29% (2/7) Deaths
- 59% (13/22) Community detection

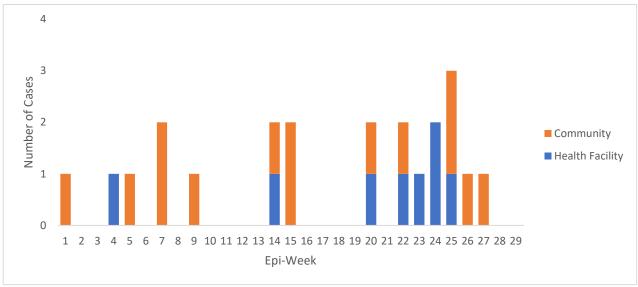


Figure 6: Neonatal Tetanus cases detection by Epidemiological week, Liberia, Epi-week 1-29, 2024

#of mothers of NT cases that received a TTCV dose in conjunction with case detection or investigation / total # of NT case investigation

Influenza-Like Illnesses

Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

- One (1) suspected case was reported from Lofa County
- No specimen was collected
- Cumulatively, three (3) cases have been reported: two positive and one negative

Influenza

- Zero suspected cases were reported
- Cumulatively, seventy-one (71) suspected cases reported
 - Seventy-one (71) specimens were collected: 65 tested negative, 5 specimens were discarded and one positive for Influenza B

Viral Hemorrhagic Fever

Lassa fever

- Six (6) suspected cases were reported from Bong (4) (including 1 death), Nimba (1), and Montserrado (1) Counties
 - Specimens were collected: 2 positive and 4 tested negative
- r Cumulatively, one hundred twenty-seven (127) suspected cases have been reported
 - o Proportion of suspected cases with sample collected (127/127) 100%
 - 4 discarded
 - Proportion of suspected cases with sample tested (121/127) 95%
 - Seventeen (17) positive including 5 deaths, 104 negative, 1 indeterminate, 1 pending testing
 - Case fatality rate: (5/17) 29%

Outbreak: January 6, 2022-July 22, 2024

- Thirty-four (34) contacts including 18 healthcare workers line listed and under 21 days follow-up
- A total of 155 confirmed cases including 46 deaths reported
- Cumulative Case Fatality Rate (CFR): (46/155) 30%
- Two counties currently in outbreak

Table 7: Summary of Lassa fever Outbreak, Liberia, January 6, 2022-July 22, 2024

County	Outbreak Districts	Outbreak Start Date	Total suspected	Total confirmed	HCWs confirmed	Total Deaths	Deaths in HCWs	CFR %	Total Contacts	# HCW contacts	Contacts_ became cases	Contacts under follow up	Contacts completed	Days in countdown	Outbreak Status
	Bushrod	13-Feb-23	17	1	0	0	0	0%	29	21	0	0	29	Completed	Ended
Montserrado	Central Monro	27-Nov-23	1	2	0	1	0	50%	49	0	0	0	49	Completed	Ended
Montserrado	Central Monro	3-Mar-23	38	2	0	1	0	50%	28	27	0	0	28	Completed	Ended
	Bushrod	30-Apr-24	2	1	0	0	0	0%	14	6	0	0	14	Completed	Ended
	Suakoko	21-Apr-23	192	54	18	13	2	24%	496	114	6	0	417	Completed	Ended
	Jorquelleh	15-Oct-23	14	6	3	1	1	17%	121	86	3	0	169	Completed	Ended
	Kokoyah	6-Jun-24	3	1	0	0	0	0%	8	0	0	0	8	26	Countdown
Bong	Suakoko	23-Feb-24	31	3	0	0	0	0%	29	14	0	0	29	Completed	Ended
	Salala	8-Mar-24	2	2	0	1	0	50%	21	0	0	0	21	Completed	Ended
	Jorquelleh	11-Apr-24	3	2	0	1	0	0%	41	30	0	0	41	26	Countdown
	Jorquelleh	22-Jul-24						0%	14			14		Active	Ongoing
	District 3A&B	21-Aug-23	87	44	0	10	0	23%	177	40	40	0	159	Completed	Ended
Grand Bassa	Buchanan	11-Aug-23	2	1	0	1	0	100%	4	2	0	0	4	Completed	Ended
	District 3A&B	30-Apr-24	6	3	0	1	0	33%	12	3	0	0	12	Completed	Countdown
	Saclepea-Mah	21-Nov-23	4	2	0	1	0	50%	5	0	0	0	5	Completed	Ended
	Sanniquellie- Mah	6-Feb-23	43	15	0	6	0	40%	43	35	8	0	43	Completed	Ended
Nimba	Tappita	20-Nov-23	12	5	0	3	0	60%	88	39	4	0	77	Completed	Ended
	Bain-Garr	1-Jun-23	25	6	0	3	0	50%	61	25	0	0	31	Completed	Ended
	Bain-Garr	15-Apr-24	5	2	0	1	0	50%	25	7	0	0	25	Completed	Ended
	Bain-Garr	18-Jul-24	2	1	0	1	0	100%	20	16	0	20	0	Active	Ongoing
River Gee	Putupo	25-Nov-22	2	1	0	1	0	100%	14	0	0	0	14	Completed	Ended
Total			492	155	21	46	3	30%	1299	467	61	34	1175		

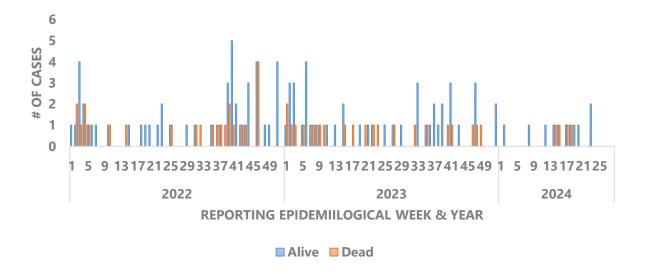


Figure 7: Epi-curve of Confirmed Lassa Fever Cases by Outcome, Liberia, January 6, 2022 – July 14, 2024

Public Health Measures

Coordination

o The National Public Health Institute of Liberia (NPHIL) and the Ministry of Health (MOH) are providing technical support to the affected counties with support from partners

II. Surveillance

- o Active case search ongoing in affected communities
- Thirty-four (34) contacts including 18 healthcare workers line listed and under 21 days follow-up
- Weekly sit-reps developed and disseminated to stakeholders





Photos of field investigation and burial team, Nimba County, July 18&19, 2024

III. Case management and IPC

- Ribavirin distributed to all affected counties
- o Cases treated with ribavirin and discharged

IV. Dead Body Management

o Safe and dignified burial for the deceased conducted in Ganta, Nimba County, 18 July 2024

V. **Laboratory**

- o The National Public Health Reference Laboratory continues testing of Lassa fever samples
- A total of 155 Lassa fever cases have been confirmed since this outbreak

Challenges

- o Limited supply of IPC materials in affected counties
- o Limited logistics (gasoline, communication cards, fuel, etc.) to support active case finding
- o Lack of stationeries in EOC to produce case alert forms and others tools for investigations (Bong County)
- o Lack of computer for the County Surveillance Officer (Bong County)

Yellow Fever

- One (1) suspected case was reported from Bomi County
- Specimens was collected and pending testing
- Cumulatively Sixty-one (61) cases have been reported
 - Proportion of suspected cases with samples collected 95% (58/61) however, 7 samples pending testing, 1 rejected
 - o Proportion of suspected cases with samples tested 86% (50/58): 49 negative, 1 indeterminate

Dengue

- zero suspected cases were reported
- Cumulatively, five (5) suspected cases were reported

Ebola Virus Disease

Zero cases reported

Diarrheal Diseases

Acute Bloody Diarrhea (Suspected Shigellosis)

- Two (2) cases were reported from Grand Cape Mount (1), and River Gee (1) Counties
 - One (1) specimen was collected: and pending testing
- Cumulatively, two hundred forty-four (244) cases have been reported
 - o 142 specimens were collected, 110 reached the Lab
 - o 92 tested negative, 7 rejected
 - o 8 confirmed (S. flexneri-2 & S. sonnei-6)
 - o 3 pending testing

Severe Acute Watery Diarrhea (Suspected Cholera)

- Two (2) cases were reported from Margibi and Lofa Counties
 - Specimens were collected: 2 pending testing and 1 pending arrival
 - Cumulatively, one hundred seventy (170) cases have been reported
 - o 103 specimens collected, 76 reached the Lab
 - 54 tested negatives, 10 rejected, and 12 pending testing

Other Reportable Diseases

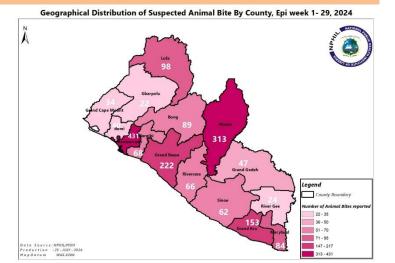
Animal bite (Human Exposure to Rabies)

Fifty-five (55) dog bite cases were reported from Nimba (14), Montserrado (10), Grand Kru (6), Bong (6), Grand Bassa (5), Lofa (4), Rivercess (3), Margibi (2), Grand Gedeh (2), Sinoe (1), River Gee (1), and Maryland (1) Counties

- Proportion of cases investigated: 47% (26/55)
- ☐ Proportion of dogs vaccinated: 0% (0/55)
- © Cumulatively, 1,742 cases have been reported including 2 deaths (Suspected Human Rabies)

Public Health Actions

- All cases were clinically managed and discharged
- PEP administered to three (3) persons (5%) in Bong (2), and Lofa (1) Counties
- PEP supplied to Rivercess, Grand Bassa, Nimba, Montserrado and Sinoe counties



Meningitis

- Two (2) cases were reported from Lofa and Grand Kru Counties
- One specimen was collected and pending testing
- Cumulatively, Nineteen (19) suspected cases have been reported
 - Proportion of specimen collected 84% (16/19), 3 specimens not collected
 - o Proportion of specimens tested 94% (15/16) (14 negative, 1 positive)

Mpox

- Zero cases were reported
- Cumulatively, forty-eight (48) suspected cases have been reported with 41 samples collected:
 - o Thirty-five (35) tested of which 5 confirmed positive and 30 negative
 - o 2 rejected, 3 pending testing and 1 discarded

Unexplained cluster of deaths

Zero cases reported

An Unexplained Cluster of Health Events

Zero cases reported

Other Events of Public Health Importance

Maternal Mortality

- 🖙 Eight (8) deaths reported from Montserrado (5), Grand Bassa (1), Bomi (1), and Margibi (1) Counties
- Reported causes: Eclampsia (4), PPH (2), Anemia (1), and under review (1)
- Reporting sites:
 - Health facility 88% (7/8)
 - o Community 12% (1/8)
- Cumulatively, one hundred eighty-eight (188) deaths reported
 - o Proportion of deaths reviewed 40% (75/188)

Table 8. Cumulative Maternal Mortality reporting rate and annualized Maternal Mortality per 100,000 livebirth by County, Liberia, Week 1-29, 2024

	Estimated Annual	Current		% of Cumulative	Annualized Maternal
County	Live birth (4.3%)	week	Cumulative	Maternal deaths	Mortality
Grand Bassa	12875	0	16	8.9	231
Montserrado	85821	1	94	52.2	203
Grand Cape Mount	7881	1	7	3.9	165
Margibi	13467	0	10	5.6	138
Nimba	27301	3	23	12.8	156
Maryland	7531	0	5	2.8	123
Bomi	5943	0	3	1.7	94
Lofa	16113	0	8	4.4	92
Rivercess	4083	0	2	1.1	91
Grand Kru	4918	0	2	1.1	76
River Gee	5451	0	2	1.1	68
Grand Gedeh	9690	0	3	1.7	57
Bong	20585	0	4	2.2	36
Sinoe	6646	0	1	0.6	28
Gbarpolu	4169	0	0	0.0	0
Liberia	232474	5	180	100.0	144

Neonatal Mortality

- Fourteen (14) deaths were reported from Montserrado (9), Nimba (3), Lofa (1), and River Gee (1) Counties
- Reported causes: Birth asphyxia (11), Respiratory disorder (1), Prematurity (1), Malaria (1)
- Reported sites:
 - Health facility (14/14) 100 %
- Cumulatively, four hundred ninety-two (492) deaths reported
 - o Proportion of deaths reviewed 31% (152/492)

Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI)/Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR)

- Fifteen (15) cases were reported from Sinoe (7), Lofa (4), Grand Gedeh (1), Grand Cape Mount (1), Maryland (1), and Rivercess (1) Counties
- All were classified as non-serious
- Related vaccine:
- 1. Penta (6/15) 40%
- 2. BCG (4/15) 27%
- 3. Measles (3/15) 20%
- 4. OPV-3 (1/15) 7%
- 5. Unknown (1/15) 7%
- Cumulatively, six hundred fifty-three (653) events were reported.

Neglected Tropical Diseases

YAWS

Zero cases were reported

Buruli Ulcer

Zero cases were reported

Border Surveillance Update

A total of 5501 travelers were recorded from eight (8) designated out of Forty-five (45) official POEs with incoming travelers accounting for 49% (2704/5501)

Table 7: Border activity at the PoE for incoming and outgoing travelers, Liberia, Epi week 29

Type of Ports	Point of Entry	Weekly total	Arrival	Departure	Total traverlers with YB	Yellow Book Damage	Card Replaced	Travelers Vaccinated against YF & Issued book	Alerts detected/ Verified
	James S. Paynes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Airport	Robert Int'l Airport	4557	2175	2382	4376	0	42	6	0
Seaport	Freeport of Monrovia	214	107	107	214	0	0	0	0
Seaport	Buchanan Port	74	37	37	74	0	0	0	0
	Bo Water Side	476	274	202	474	0	2	0	0
Crawad Crassins	Ganta	80	53	27	31	0	0	0	0
Ground Crossing	Yekepa	100	58	42	15	0	0	0	0
	Loguatuo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		5,501	2704	2797	5184	0	44	6	0

Note: Yellow book issue for both arrival and departure; Vaccination coverage for both arrival and departure

Public Health Measures

National level

- Providing remote technical and operational support to counties
- Produced and disseminated situation reports (Lassa fever, Measles, and Mpox outbreaks)
- Produced and disseminated weekly bulletin

County-level

Surveillance

- Publication of situational reports
- Active case search ongoing in affected and surrounding communities

Case Management

- Administration of PEP
- Management of measles and Lassa fever cases ongoing in affected counties

mmar	y of Immediately Reportable	Dis	seas	es,	Con	diti	ons	, an	d E	vent	ts by	y Co	unt	ty						
			Bomi	Bong	Gbarpolu	Grand Bassa	Grand Cape Mount	Grand Gedeh	Grand Kru	Lofa	Margibi	Maryland	Montserrado	Nimba	Rivercess	River Gee	Sinoe	Total Weekly	Cumulative Reported	bomijaso de l'oniteliumi
of Expec	ted Health District		4	9	5	8	5	6	5	6	4	6	7	11	6	6	10	98		
of Healtl	h District Reported		4	9	5	8	5	6	5	6	4	6	7	11	6	6	10	98		
ease	Acute Flaccid Paralysis (Suspected Polio)	Α	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	71	
Dis	Acute Flaction aralysis (Suspected Follo)	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
able	Measles	Α	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	10	0	2	1	18	1,250	
ent		D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
Pre,	Neonatal Tetanus	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	₩
Vaccine Preventable Diseas		D A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6 61	\vdash
/acc	Yellow fever	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\vdash
<u> </u>		A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	H
agic	Dengue fever	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	H
ř	Dengue fever Ebola Virus Disease Lassa fever COVID-19		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	t
e BC	Ebola Virus Disease Lassa fever COVID-19		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	T
ᇹ	Lana farrar	Α	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	6	127	T
Ę.	Lassa fever	D	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	
Like	COVID-19	Α	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	
nza-	COVID 13	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Diarrheal Dised Influenza-Likk Viral Hemorrhagic Fe	Influenza Like Illnesses	Α	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	
Ē	initiaeniaa aine iiinesses	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dise	Acute Bloody Diarrhoea (Shigellosis)	Α	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	244	_
eal		D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
arrh	Severe Acute Watery Diarrhoea (Cholera)	Α	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	170	<u> </u>
ق	, , , ,	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
윺	Maternal Mortality	D	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	8	188	
Public Health Ir	Neonatal Mortality	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	3	0	1	0	14	491	
ig		Α	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	7	15	653	T
of P	AEFI	D	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	T
		Α	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Events	Unexplained Cluster of Health Events/Disea	se D	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Т
		А	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	T
es	Мрох	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	H
Other Reportable Diseases		A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	T
e Ģ	Tuberculosis	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	T
tablı	Human Exposure to Rabies (Suspected Hum	Α .	0	6	0	5	0	2	6	4	2	1	10	14	3	1	1	55	1,691	Γ
pod	Trainan exposure to kables (Suspected Hum	D D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
r Re	Meningitis	Α	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	19	
)the		D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>
J	Unexplained Cluster of deaths	Α	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
<u>,c</u>		D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\vdash
Neglected Tr	Buruli Ulcer	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ͱ
<u>e</u> ct		D A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\vdash
Veg	Yaws	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\vdash
	1	OTAL	2	11	2	6	0	4	0	14	0	1	0	28	0	4	9	126	5147	┝

D = Dead **A** = Alive

Notes

- **Completeness** refers to the proportion of expected weekly IDSR reports received (target: ≥80%)
- Timeliness refers to the proportion of expected weekly IDSR reports received by the next level on time (target: ≥80%). The time requirement for weekly IDSR reports:
 - Health facility required on or before 5:00 pm every Saturday to the district level
 - Health district required on or before 5:00 pm every Sunday to the county level
 - County required on or before 5:00 pm every Monday to the national level
- Non-polio AFP rate is the proportion of non-polio AFP cases per 100,000 among the estimated population under 15 years of age in 2017 (annual target: ≥2/100,000)
- Non-measles febrile rash illness rate refers to the proportion of Negative measles cases per 100,000 population
- Annualized maternal mortality rate refers to the maternal mortality rate of a given period of less than one year and it is the number of maternal deaths per 100,000 live births
- Annualized neonatal mortality rate refers to the neonatal mortality ratio of a given period of less than one year and it is the number of neonatal deaths per 1,000 live births
- **Epi-linked** refers to any suspected case that has not had a specimen taken for serologic confirmation but is linked to a laboratory-confirmed case
- **Confirmed case** refers to a case whose specimen has been tested positive or reactive upon laboratory testing, or has been classified as confirmed by either epidemiologic linkage with a confirmed case or clinical compatibility with the disease or condition

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For comments or questions, please contact

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Data cources

Data and information is provided by the fifteen County Surveillance Officers and National Public Health Reference Laboratory via regular weekly reports, telephone calls and email exchanges. Situations are evolving and dynamic therefore numbers stated are subject to change.